# **KODAK VISION3 200T Color Negative Film 5213 / 7213 / SO-213**

# Kodak

# TECHNICAL DATA / COLOR NEGATIVE FILM

May 2010 • H-1-5213t

KODAK VISION3 200T Color Negative Film 5213/7213 is a 200-speed tungsten film that provides the image structure of a 100 speed film with the versatility of a 200 speed product—offering you the benefits of two films in one.

Like other films in the KODAK VISION3 Film family, VISION3 200T Film features unrivaled highlight latitude, reduced grain in shadows, flexibility in post, and, of course, proven archival stability. Additionally, you'll find that this film performs superbly in both controlled interiors and in challenging high-contrast exteriors.

Experience the improved extreme exposure performance and consistent VISION3 Film family look. Enjoy the added flexibility and increased creative control that comes with all the detail captured in the extremes of exposure. Benefit from the value in time and money that can be realized both on set and in postproduction.

# **BASE**

KODAK VISION3 200T Color Negative Films 5213 and 7213 have an acetate safety base with rem-jet backing. KODAK VISION3 200T Color Negative Film SO-213 has an ESTAR Safety Base with rem-jet backing.

#### **STORAGE**

Store unexposed film at  $13^{\circ}$  C ( $55^{\circ}$  F) or lower. For extended storage, store at - $18^{\circ}$  C ( $0^{\circ}$  F) or lower. Process exposed film promptly. Store processed film according to these recommendations:

	Short Term (less than 6 months)	Long Term (more than 6 months)
Unexposed film in original, sealed package	13°C (55°F) RH below 60%	-18 to -23° C (0 to-10° F) RH below 50%
Exposed film, unprocessed	-18 to -23° C (0 to-10° F) RH below 20%	Not recommended. Process film promtly.
Process film	21° C (70° F) RH 20 to 50%	2° C (36° F) RH 20 to 30%

This relates to optimized film handling rather than preservation; static, dust-attraction and curl-related problems are generally minimized at the higher relative humidity. After usage, the film should be returned to the appropriate medium- or long-term storage conditions as soon as possible.

# Warm-upTimes

To prevent film telescoping, moisture condensation, and spotting, allow your film to warm to room temperature before use:

Film Package	Typical Warm-up Time (Hours)			
Tillit ackage	14° C (25° F) Rise	55° C (100° F) Rise		
Super 8	1	11/2		
16 mm	1	11/2		
35 mm	3	5		

For more information about film storage and handling, see ANSI/PIMA ISO-18911, SMPTE RP131-2002, and KODAK Publication No. H-845, *The Essential Reference Guide for Filmmakers*, available online at www.kodak.com/go/referenceguide.

# **DARKROOM RECOMMENDATIONS**

Do not use a safelight. Handle unprocessed film in total darkness.

#### **EXPOSURE**

#### **Exposure Indexes**

Tungsten (3200K) - 200

Daylight- 125 (with 85 filter)

Use these indexes with incident- or reflected-light exposure meters and cameras marked for ISO or ASA speeds or exposure indexes. These indexes apply for meter readings of average subjects made from the camera position or for readings made from a gray card of 18-percent reflectance held close to and in front of the subject. For unusually light- or dark-colored subjects, decrease or increase the exposure indicated by the meter accordingly.

#### **Color Balance**

These films are balanced for exposure with tungsten illumination (3200K). You can also expose them with tungsten lamps that have slightly higher or lower color temperatures (+/- 200K) without correction filters, since final color balancing can be done in printing.

Light Source	KODAK Filters on Camera *	Exposure Index	
Tungsten (3000 K)	None 200		
Tungsten (3200 K)	None	200	
KINO FLO KF29 KINO FLO KF32	None	200	
Daylight (5500 K)	WRATTEN 2 Optical Filter / 85		
Metal Halide	WRATTEN 2 Optical Filter / 85	. 175	
HMI	WRATTEN 2 Optical Filter / 85	125	
KINO FLO KF55	WRATTEN 2 Optical Filter / 85	125	
Fluorescent, Warm White †	CC30R + CC05M	125	
Fluorescent, Cool White †	CC40R	64	

<sup>\*</sup> These are approximate corrections only. Make final corrections during printing.

**Note:** Consult the manufacturer of high-intensity ultraviolet lamps for safety information on ultraviolet radiation and ozone generation.

#### **Exposure Table — Tungsten Light**

At 24 frames per second (fps), 180-degree shutter opening, use this table for average subjects that contain a combination of light, medium, and dark color:

Lens Aperture	-	-		f/4	f/5.6	f/8	f/11	f/16
Footcandles Required	12.5	25	50	100	200	400	800	1600

#### **Reciprocity Characteristics**

You do not need to make any filter corrections or exposure adjustments for exposure times from 1/1000 of a second to 1 second.

#### **PROCESSING**

Process in Process ECN-2.

Most commercial motion-picture laboratories provide a processing service for these films. See KODAK Publication No. H-24.07, *Processing KODAK Color Negative Motion Picture Films, Module 7* available online at www.kodak.com/go/h24, for more information on the solution formulas and the procedure for machine processing these films. There are also pre-packaged kits available for preparing the processing solutions. For more information on the KODAK ECN-2 Kit Chemicals, check *Kodak's Motion Picture Films for Professional Use* price catalog, also available online at www.kodak.com/go/motion.

#### **IDENTIFICATION**

After processing, the product code numbers 5213 (35 mm), 7213 (16 mm), or SO-213 (16, 35, and 65 mm; edgeprint shows 0219) emulsion, roll, and strip number identification, KEYKODE Numbers, and manufacturer/film identification code (EO) are visible along the length of the film.

# **POST PRODUCTION**

#### Scanning

The wider exposure latitude in KODAK VISION3 Films differentiate film capture from the limited dynamic range of digital capture. Digital "dodging and burning," a very powerful tool in the colorists' toolkit, is now even more powerful—up to two stops more image information can be extracted from scene highlights in VISION3 Films.

If traditional 10-bit scanner data encoding schemes are used to digitize films having this extended density range, highlight information captured on these film could be lost. Kodak has recommendations for extracting the full density range stored on high dynamic range films in a technical document titled *Scanning Recommendations for Extended Dynamic Range Camera Films*, available online at www.kodak.com/go/scanning.

# **Laboratory Aim Densities (LAD)**

To maintain optimum quality and consistency in the final prints, the laboratory must carefully control the color timing, printing, and duplicating procedures. To aid in color timing and curve placement, negative originals should be timed relative to Laboratory Aim Density (LAD) Control Film supplied by Eastman Kodak Company. The LAD Control Film provides both objective sensitometric control and subjective verification of the duplicating procedures used by the laboratory.

In the LAD Control Method, the electronic color analyzer used for color timing is set-up with the LAD Control Film to produce a gray video display of the LAD patch, corresponding to 1.0 neutral density (gray) on the print. The negative printing original is then scene-to-scene timed. There are specific LAD values for each type of print or duplicating film that the original can be printed on. For

<sup>†</sup> These are starting-point recommendations for trial exposures. If the kind of fluorescent lamp is unknown, a KODAK Color Compensating Filter CC30R + CC20Y can be used with an exposure index (EI) of 100.

print films, the LAD patch is printed to a neutral gray of 1.0 visual density. For duplicating films, the specified aims are at the center of the usable straight-line portion of the sensitometric curve of the film.

Due to normal variations in exposure and processing of color negative films, particular scenes may not print exactly at the same printer lights as the LAD Control Film. The LAD Control Film is intended as a set-up tool for electronic color analyzers and printers. It is NOT a reference that every scene must match. Normal film-to-film and scene-to-scene exposure variability is accommodated by the color timing (grading) process, on an electronic color analyzer set up with the LAD Control Film. Normally exposed and processed color negatives will typically print well within the range of an additive printer setup with the LAD Control Film, although SIGNIFICANT or UNEXPECTED departures from this center point balance may indicate an exposure/filtration problem with the cinematography or with the process control. Some specialized films and/or specialized negative processing techniques (push-processing, pull-processing, "skip-bleach" processing, etc.) may require more extreme adjustment from the LAD printing condition to attain desired results.

More information about LAD and Digital LAD is available online at www.kodak.com/go/lad.

#### Film-to-Tape Transfers

When you transfer the film directly to tape, you can set up the telecine using KODAK Telecine Analysis Film (TAF) supplied by Eastman Kodak Company. The TAF consists of a neutral density scale and an eight-bar color test pattern with a LAD gray surround.

The TAF gray scale provides the telecine operator (colorist) with an effective way to adjust subcarrier balance and to center the telecine controls before timing and transferring a film. The TAF color bars provide the utility of electronic color bars, even though they do not precisely match the electronically generated color bars. Using the TAF will help obtain optimum quality and consistency in the film-to-tape transfer. For more information regarding TAF, see KODAK Publication No. H-606, KODAK Telecine Tool Kit and Reference Manual, available online at www.kodak.com/go/telecine.

#### **IMAGE STRUCTURE**

For more information on image-structure characteristics, see KODAK Publication No. H-845, *The Essential Reference Guide for Filmmakers* available online at www.kodak.com/go/referenceguide.



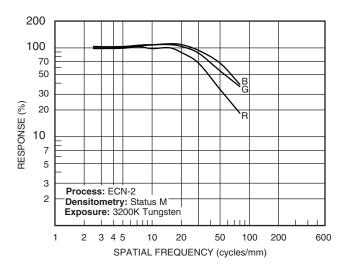
# **Important**

The sensitometric curves and data in this publication represent product tested under the conditions of exposure and processing specified. They are representative of production coatings, and therefore do not apply directly to a particular box or roll of photographic material. They do not represent standards or specifications that must be met by Eastman Kodak Company. The company reserves the right to change and improve product characteristics at any time.

#### **Modulation Transfer Function**

The "perceived" sharpness of any film depends on various components of the motion picture production system. The camera and projector lenses and film printers, among other factors, all play a role. But the specific sharpness of a film can be measured and is charted in the Modulation Transfer Function Curve.

#### **Modulation-Transfer Function Curves**

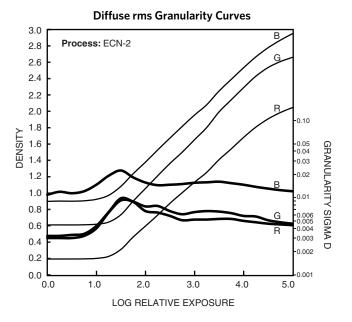


This graph shows a measure of the visual sharpness of this film. The x-axis, "Spatial Frequency," refers to the number of sine waves per millimeter that can be resolved. The y-axis, "Response," corresponds to film sharpness. The longer and flatter the line, the more sine waves per millimeter that can be resolved with a high degree of sharpness—and, the sharper the film.

#### rms Granularity:

Read with a microdensitometer, (red, green, blue) using a 48-micrometer aperture.

The "perception" of the graininess of any film is highly dependent on scene content, complexity, color, and density. Other factors, such as film age, processing, exposure conditions, and telecine transfer may also have significant effects.

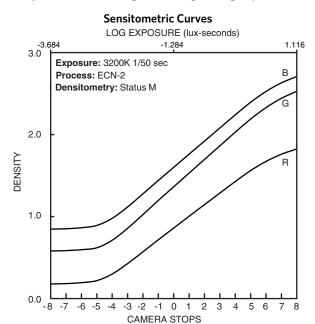


To find the rms Granularity value for a given density, find the density on the left vertical scale and follow horizontally to the characteristic curve and then go vertically (up or down) to the granularity curve. At that point, follow horizontally to the Granularity Sigma D scale on the right. Read the number and multiply by 1000 for the rms value.

**Note:** This curve represents granularity based on modified measuring techniques. Sensitometric and Diffuse rms Granularity curves are produced on different equipment. A slight variation in curve shape may be noticed.

# Sensitometry

The curves describe this film's response to red, green, and blue light. Sensitometric curves determine the change in density on the film for a given change in log exposure.

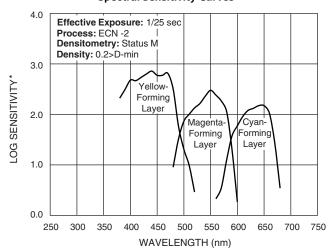


**Note:** The exposure scale for VISION3 Films is longer than previous VISION and VISON2 Films. Because of the extended highlight latitude we have expanded the exposure scale from a 0-4 increment to a 0-5 scale. In addition to the longer exposure scale, we are plotting 21 steps instead of 20.

#### Spectral Sensitivity

These curves depict the sensitivity of this film to the spectrum of light. They are useful for determining, modifying, and optimizing exposure for blue- and green-screen special-effects work.

## **Spectral Sensitivity Curves**

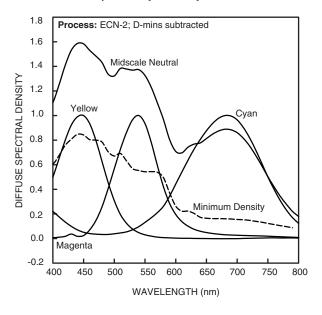


\*Sensitivity = reciprocal of exposure (erg/cm<sup>2</sup>) required to produce specified density

# **Spectral Dye Density**

These curves depict the spectral absorptions of the dyes formed when the film is processed. They are useful for adjusting or optimizing any device that scans or prints the film.

# **Spectral Dye Density Curves**



**Note:** Cyan, Magenta, and Yellow Dye Curves are peak-normalized.

# **SIZES AVAILABLE**

# **Standard Products Available**

Identification No.	Length in Metres (Feet)	Core Description		Perforations
65 mm SP332	305 (1000)	P Emulsion In KS-4740 (KS		KS-4740 (KS-1866)
35 mm SP718	61 (200)	U		BH-4740 (BH-1866)
35 mm SP718	122 (400)	U		BH-4740 (BH-1866)
35 mm SP718	305 (1000)	U		BH-4740 (BH-1866)
16 mm SP449	30 (100)	R-90 100-ft. spool		2R-7605 (2R-2994)
16 mm SP451	122 (400)	Т		2R-7605 (2R-2994)
16 mm SP445*	61 (200)	A-MIN	Emulsion out	1R-7605 (1R-2994)
16 mm SP455	30 (100)	R-90 100-ft. spool	Winding B	1R-7605 (1R-2994)
16 mm SP457	122 (400)	Т	Winding B	1R-7605 (1R-2994)
16 mm SP458	244 (800)	Z	Winding B	1R-7605 (1R-2994)
S8 mm SP464	15 (50)		Super 8 cartridge	

\*for AATON A-MINIMA Cameras

# **MORE INFORMATION**

Outside the United States and Canada, please contact your Kodak representative. You can also visit our web site at www.kodak.com/go/motion for further information. You may want to bookmark our location so you can find us easily the next time.

H-2	Cinematographer's Field Guide www.kodak.com/go/fieldguide
H-845	The Essential Reference Guide for Filmmakers www.kodak.com/go/referenceguide
H-24	Manual for Processing KODAK Motion Picture Films, Process ECN-2 Specifications, Module 7 www.kodak.com/go/h24
H-61	LAD—Laboratory Aim Density www.kodak.com/go/lad
H-387	LAD—Laboratory Aim Density www.kodak.com/go/lad
H-606	KODAK Telecine Tool Kit and Reference Manual www.kodak.com/go/telecine

# KODAK VISION3 200T Color Negative Film 5213 / 7213 / SO-213

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KODAK SHOOTSAVER Film Delivery Service (U.S. only) 1-800-404-2016

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Publicine Ltda. (Kodak Motion Picture
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MEXICO Kodak Mexicana S.A. de C.V. Phone: 52-55.1105.1730 Fax: 52-55.1105.1706

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